

LCLS S-band Structure Coupler

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1/27/04

Outline



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- Motivation
 - Modeling tool
 - S3P model of S-band coupler
 - Field analysis
 - Beam analysis

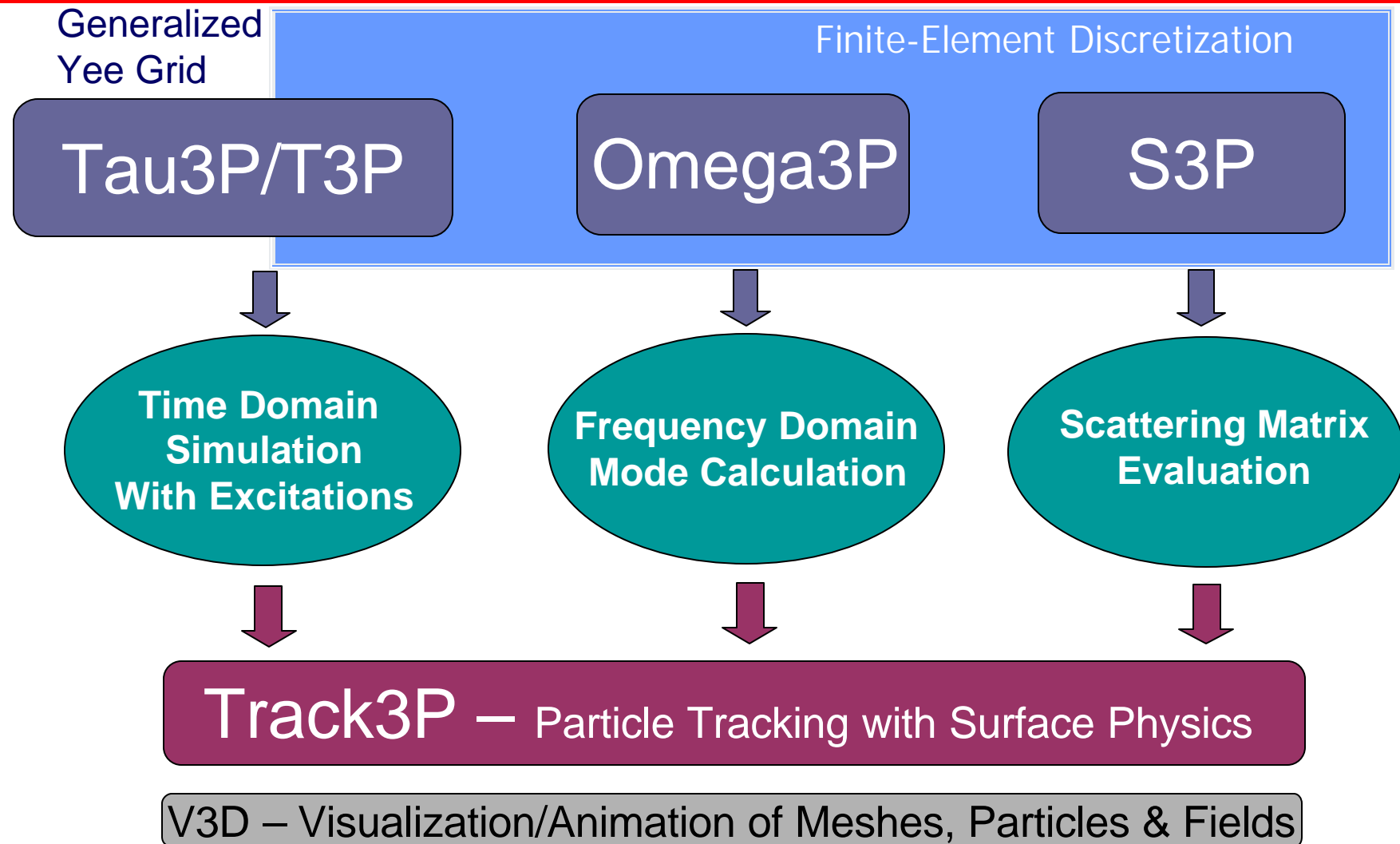
Discussions

Motivation

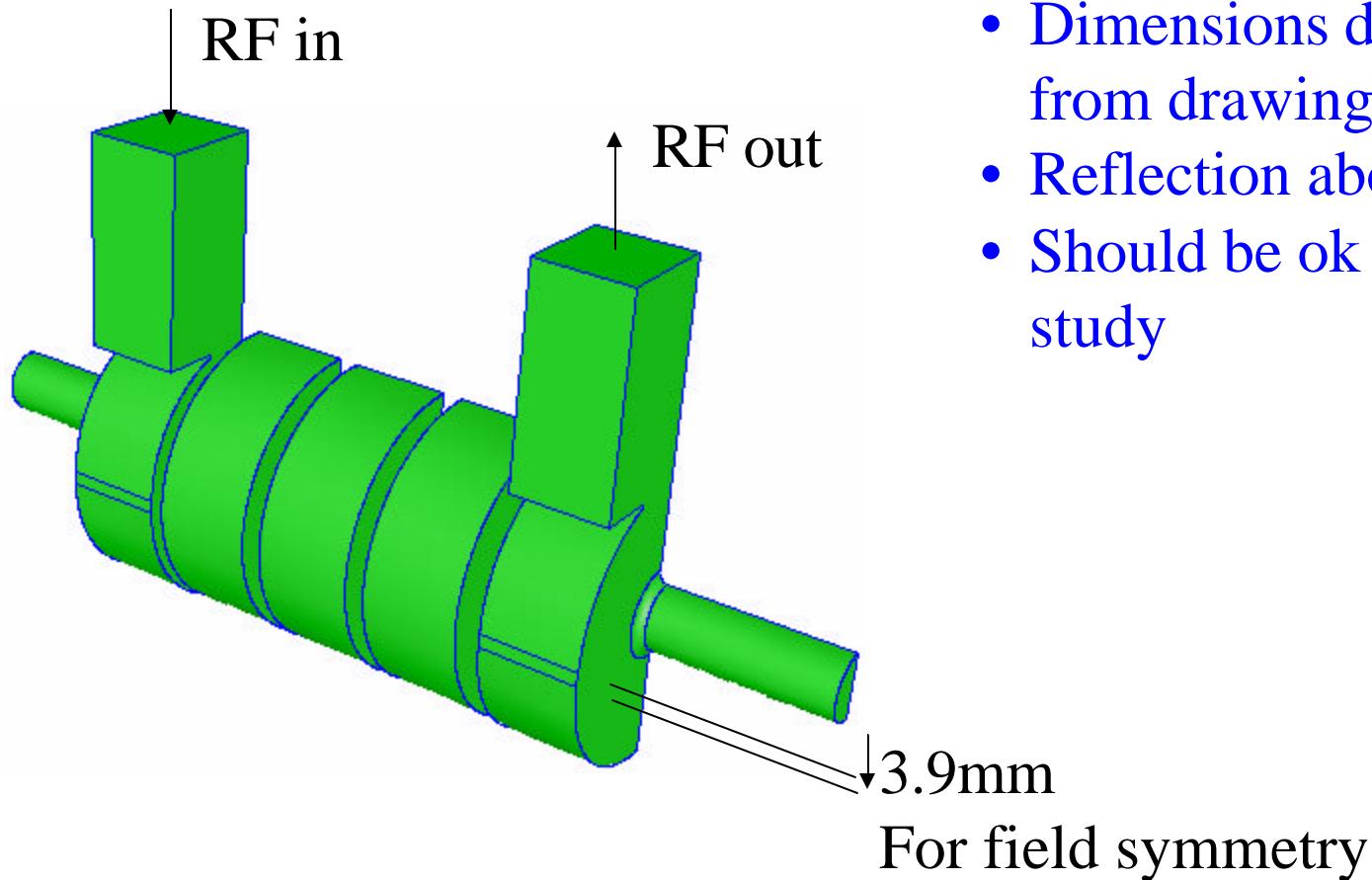


- To understand effects of multipole fields on beam dynamics in single-feed coupler
- Work on alternative designs if necessary

Parallel EM Codes On Unstructured Grids

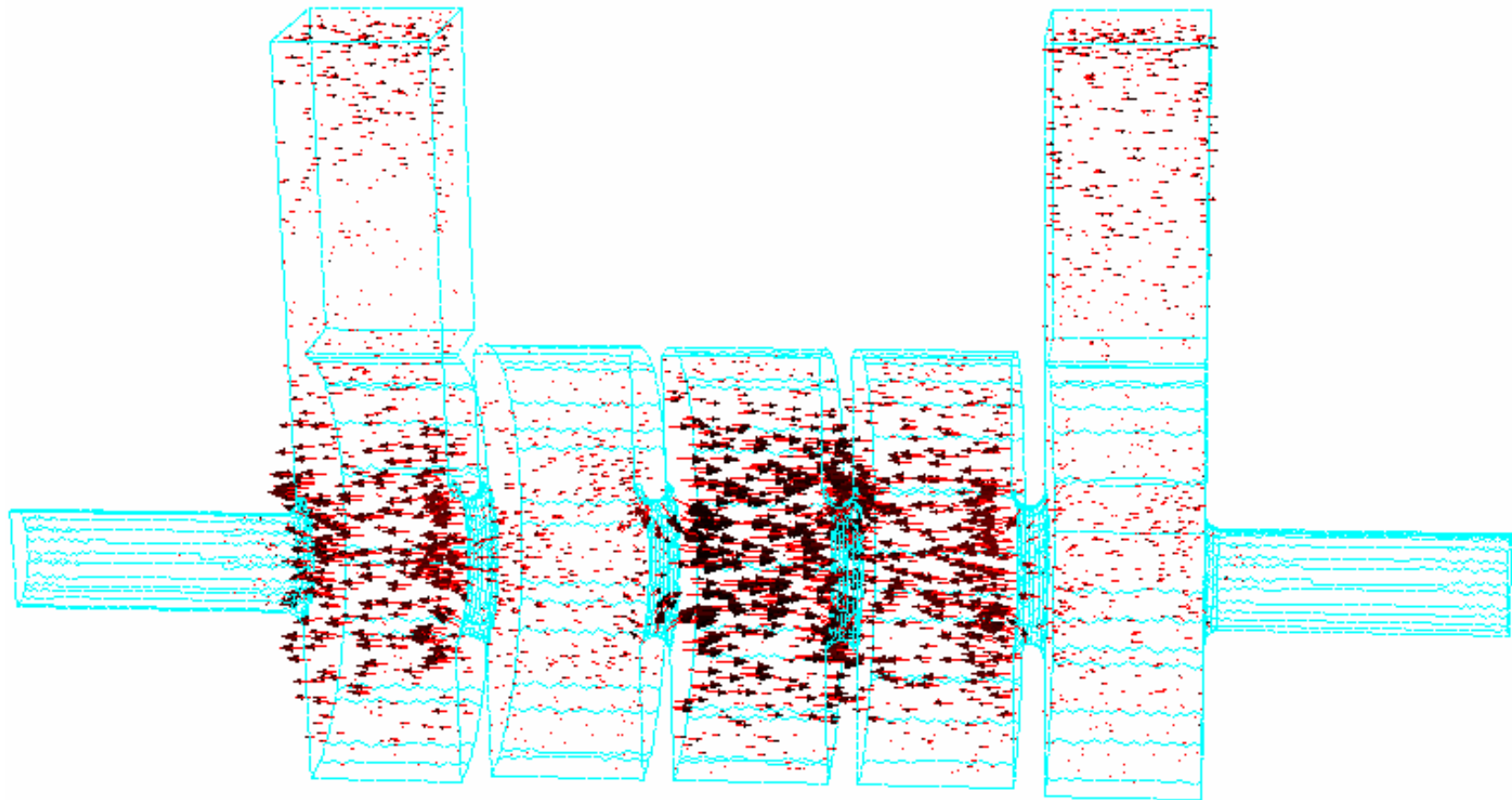


LCLS S-Band Coupler – S3P Model

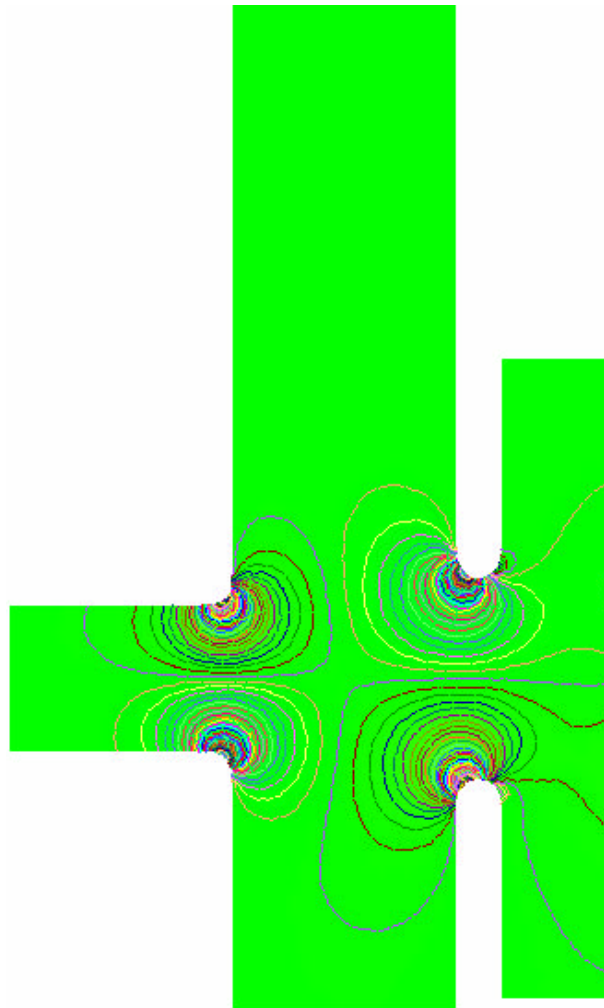


- Dimensions directly from drawings
- Reflection about 0.05
- Should be ok for this study

Field Snapshot



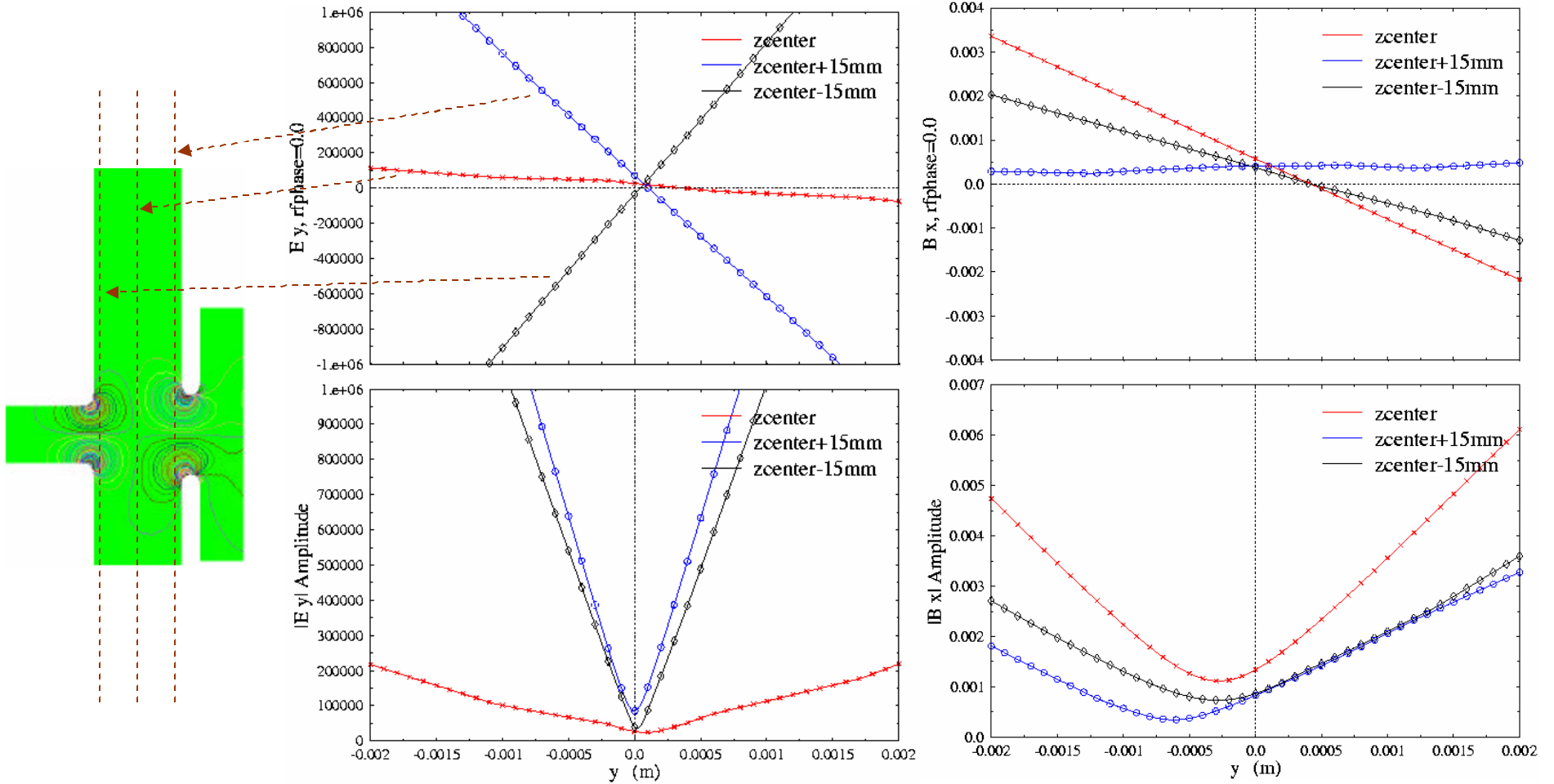
Field Asymmetry In Coupler Cell-Ey



E_y :

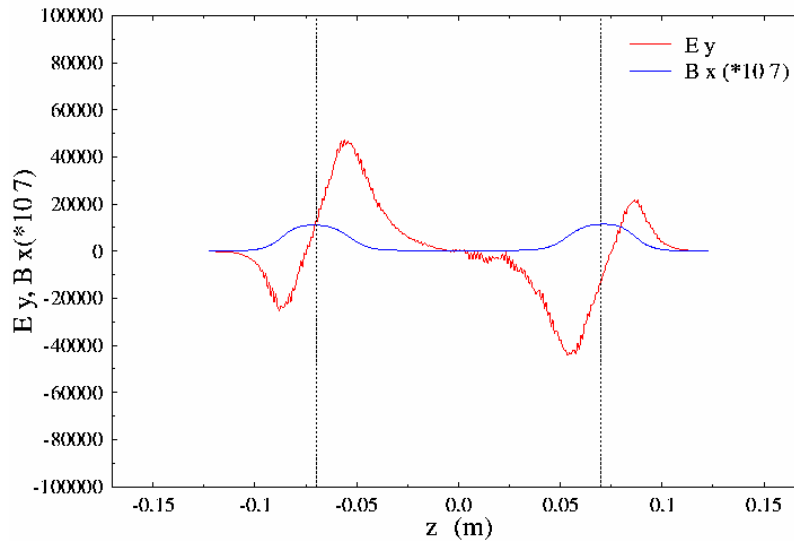
- Snapshot
- Contour plot

Field Asymmetry



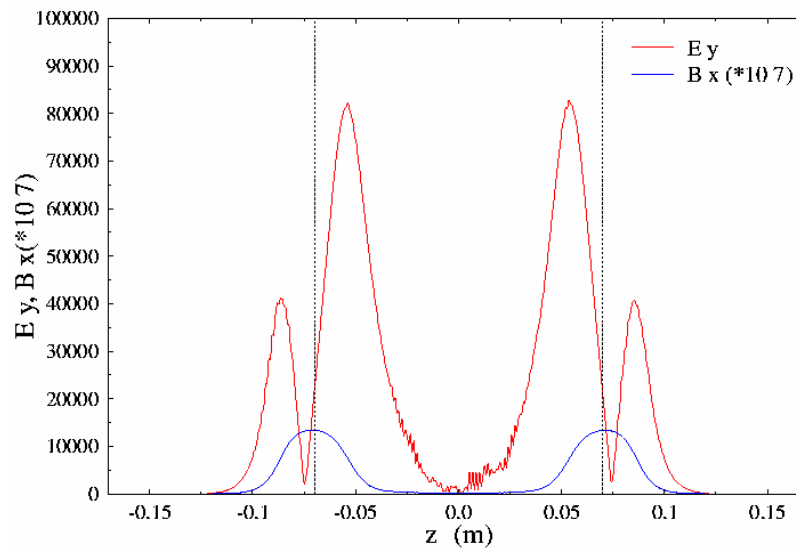
Fields On Axis

E and B on axis, t=0.0



On-axis E_y and B_x are non-zero in the coupler region

E and B on axis, Amplitude



Beam Dynamics

- Equation of motion:
$$\frac{d(\mathbf{g}\bar{\mathbf{b}})}{dt} = \frac{e}{m_0 c} (\bar{\mathbf{E}} + c\bar{\mathbf{b}} \times \bar{\mathbf{B}})$$
- Transverse momentum

$$\Delta\bar{P}_{m\perp} = -\frac{je}{w} \nabla_{\perp} \int E_z(r, \mathbf{q}, z, m) e^{j\omega t - jz_z z} dz dz$$

$$E_z(r, \mathbf{q}, z, z_z) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} A_m J_m(\mathbf{h}_r r) \cos(m\mathbf{q}) e^{-jz_z z} + \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} B_m J_m(\mathbf{h}_r r) \sin(m\mathbf{q}) e^{-jz_z z}$$

$$\text{where } \mathbf{h}_r^2 + \mathbf{z}_z^2 = \frac{w^2}{c^2}$$

- To the first order

$$\Delta\bar{P}_{\perp} = -\frac{je}{w} \left(\underbrace{-\frac{\mathbf{h}_r^2 A_0}{2} (x\hat{x}_0 + y\hat{y}_0)}_{\text{focusing}} + \underbrace{\frac{\mathbf{h}_r A_1}{2} \hat{x}_0 + \frac{\mathbf{h}_r B_1}{2} \hat{y}_0}_{\text{dipole}} + \underbrace{\frac{\mathbf{h}_r^2 A_2}{4} (x\hat{x}_0 - y\hat{y}_0)}_{\text{quad}} + \underbrace{\frac{\mathbf{h}_r^2 B_2}{4} (y\hat{x}_0 + x\hat{y}_0)}_{\text{skew quad}} \right)$$

γ Dependence Of Momentum Multipoles



- $1/\gamma$ dependence for azimuthal focusing (full structure - back-back coupler in our case)

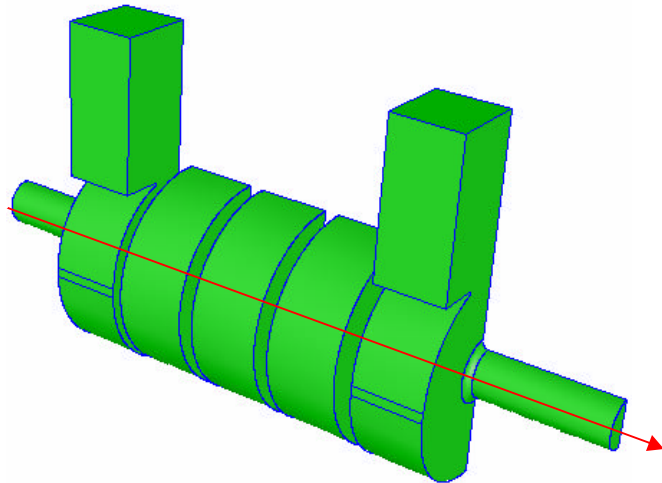
$$\mathbf{g}(\infty)\mathbf{b}_r(\infty) = \mathbf{g}(-\infty)\mathbf{b}_r(-\infty) \overbrace{\left(1 + \frac{I_{01}}{\mathbf{g}} + \frac{I_{02} - I_{03}}{\mathbf{g}^2}\right)}^{\text{Adiabatic damping}} - r(a) \overbrace{\left(\frac{I_{11}}{\mathbf{g}} + \frac{I_{12} - I_{13} + I_{14}}{\mathbf{g}^2}\right)}^{\text{RF focusing}}$$

where I_{mn} are integrals of E_z field

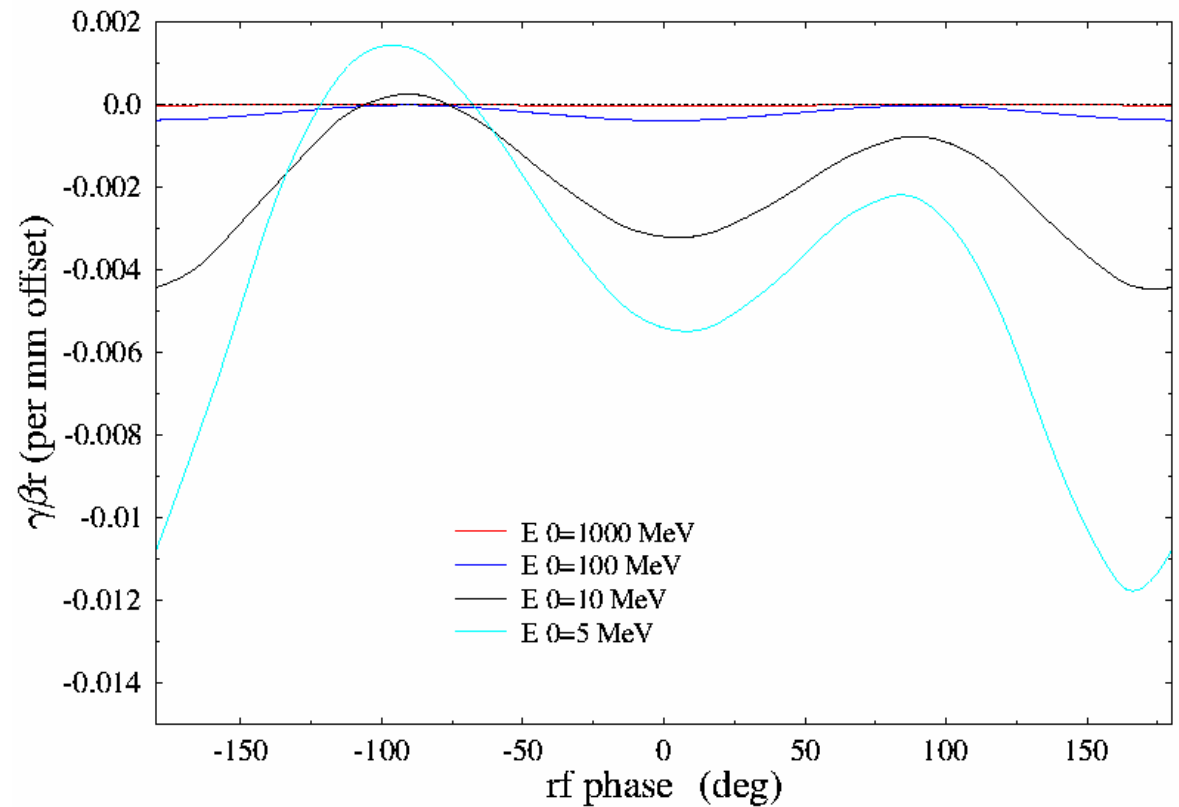
- Dipole and quadrupole are γ independent.

Azimuthal Focusing

- Full back-back system simulation



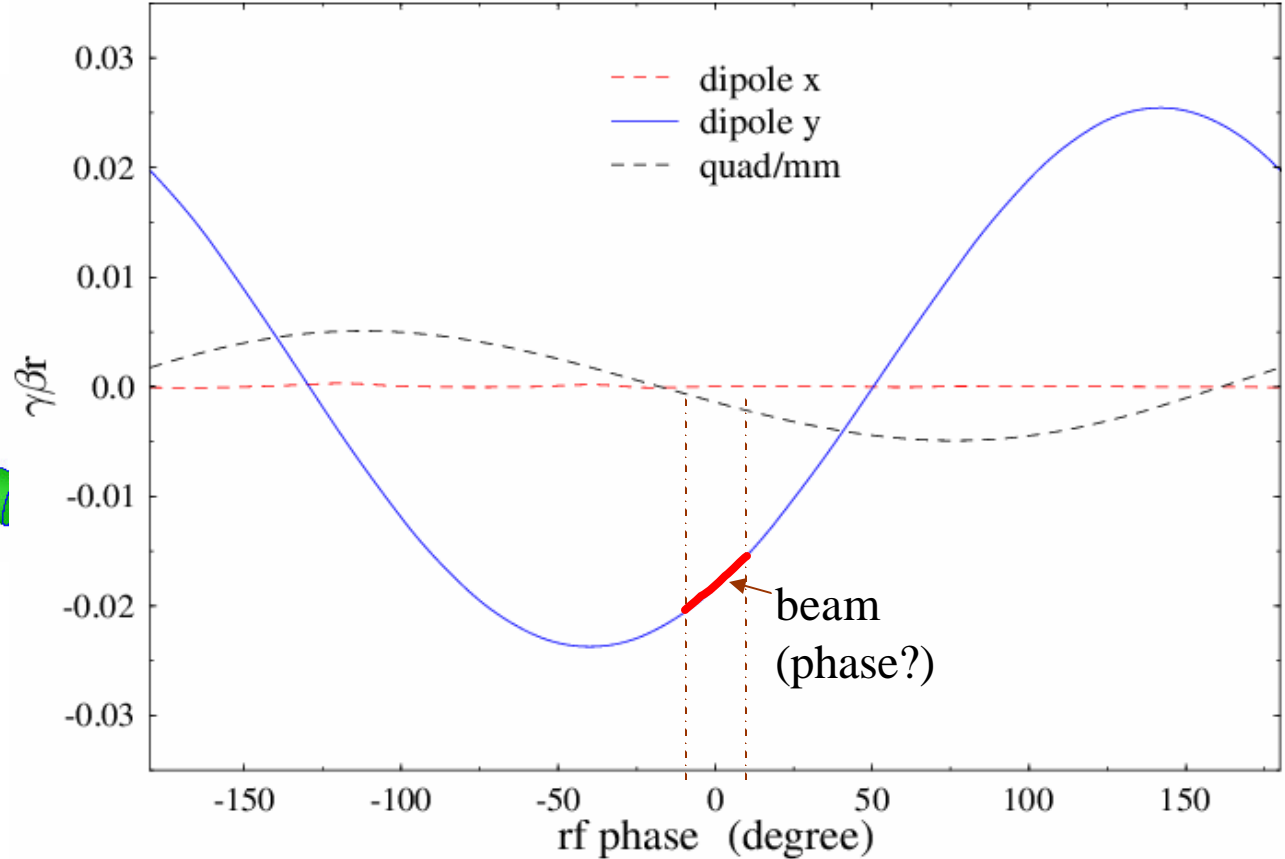
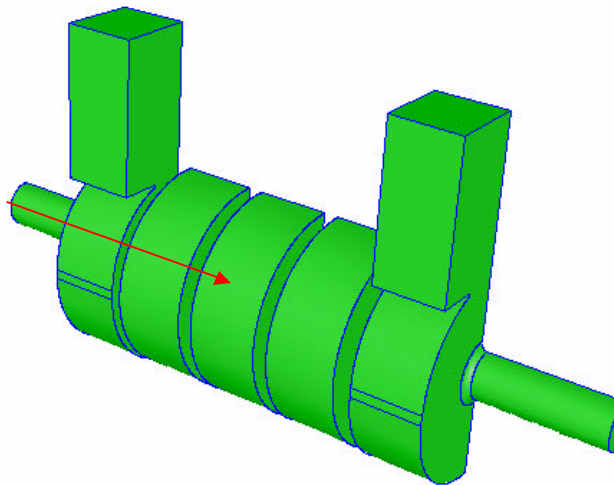
Azimuthal Focusing v.s. Initial Energy



Dipole & Quadrupole

- Effect of input coupler
- Integrate through half of the model

Dipole & Quadrupole v.s. RF Phase



Head-Tail Effect

- “Zero” phase is not accurate since only a few cells are included in the present model – phase slippage and coupler effect significant
- Amplitude of dipole and quadrupole OK
- Bunch spans ± 10 degrees in RF phase
- If beam on crest, head to tail $\Delta(\gamma\beta_{\perp})$ is
 - Dipole: 0.005
 - Quadrupole: 0.0015/mm (focusing)