

STATEMENT OF WORK (SOW)	Doc. No. PS-391-000-86 R0	LUSI SUB-SYSTEM XPP
<p><u>STATEMENT OF WORK:</u></p> <p>LCLS-LUSI X-ray Pump Probe Diffractometer System Anthropomorphic Six-Axis Robot Motion Characterization Test</p>		
Prepared by: J B Langton XPP System Manager	_____	_____
	Signature	Date
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	Signature	Date

Revision	Date	Description of Changes	Approved
R0		Initial release	

Summary: This statement of work describes the testing to be conducted pursuant to validating the suitability of an anthropomorphic six-axis robot for the XPP detector mover system.

Work to be Performed: Motion measurements of installed, functional anthropomorphic robot to confirm key parameters as specified in LUSI XPP detector mover engineering specification document SP-391-000-62.

Project Manager: J B Langton

Test Lead Organization:

Square One System Design

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Deliverables:

- a) Complete description of all test methodologies.
- b) Objective evaluation of motion parameters
 - i. All raw measurement data for all tests, samples, runs.
 - ii. Reduced data / measurement evaluations providing verifications of specification compliance (or noncompliance).
- c) Subjective evaluations of robot motion and hardware suitability for intended installation, usage and requirements.

Test Location:

Stäubli Corporation

210 Parkway West

Duncan, SC 29334

USA

phone: 864 433-1980

Subject Hardware:

Staubli RX160 6-axis Robot

Subject Participation:

Staubli Corporation:

Shall provide access to installed base RX160 robot, additional required support hardware (control computers, etc), and support personal (operators, maintenance, etc.) to complete tests as described herein.

Square One Design:

Minimum one engineer on site during test. Deliverables as specified in this SOW.

Shall provide specialized hardware as required to complete tests as described herein.

SLAC:

Minimum of one engineer or physicist on site during test. Minimum of one survey engineer on site during test. Shall provide laser tracker hardware for position-motion measurements.

Test Objectives:

- 1) Determination of robot's ability to meeting positional repeatability and stability requirements as specified in SP-391-000-62.
 - a. Are published technical specifications from manufacturers directly applicable to our application, without reservation or modification ?
 - b. Specific determination of key parameter, repeatability, for Staubli RX160 as absolute, in the context of SLAC-LUSI-XPP required motions.
 - c. Determine if Staubli RX160 hardware has any particular motion constraints / traits (hysteresis, payload weight, etc.) that would effect its suitability for use as required in XPP.
- 2) Determination of robot's ability to execute programmed motions of XPP detector as specified in SP-391-000-62.
 - a. Confirm Staubli RX160 ability to move detector along circular / spherical paths at commanded radii per specification requirements.
 - b. Confirm ability to position motion center to required specification.
- 3) Improved understanding of Staubli control system / user interface.
 - a. Evaluate suitability of Staubli control system with respect to SLAC-LUSI-XPP requirements.
 - b. Gain "Hands on" knowledge for the controls interface development task to achieve full XPP functionality.

Test Stipulations:

- a) The robot employed in all tests must have a nominal working envelope sufficient to satisfy the range extents and stayclear requirements as defined in SP-391-000-62 sections 7 and 8.

- b) The robot employed in all tests must have sufficient degree of freedom capability to satisfy coordinate system alignment and nominal pointing requirements as defined in SP-391-000-62 section 6.
- c) Tests shall be conducted with payload 25 kg (~55 Lb), maximum, to satisfy SP-391-000-62 section 9 requirements. Testing can be conducted with lesser masses to establish specification - payload dependence.
- d) A minimum of 10% of test data sets shall be conducted with robot end effector velocity at or below 0.2 meter / sec max velocity requirement. Ref: SP-391-000-62 section 9.

Square One Design Supplied Hardware:

- 1) One Keyence high resolution laser gage.
- 2) One digital inclinometer.
- 3) One detector mock-up. Mock-up shall:
 - a. Mount to robotic end effector.
 - b. Have approximate dimensions (200 mm square by 150 mm thick) specified in SP-391-000-62.
 - c. Provide capability of adjusting total mass by addition or subtraction of ballast.
 - d. Provide for the mounting of any required hardware for Keyence laser gage.
 - e. Provide for the mounting of digital inclinometer in minimum two orthogonal orientations.
 - f. Provide for the mounting of three Hubbs machine and manufacturing 1.5 inch diameter sphere mount, negative, 0.25 inch diameter nominal shank. Mounts shall be positioned in a triangular pattern as appropriate on the front face of the mock-up

SLAC Supplied Hardware:

- 1) One Laser Tracker System.
- 2) Three spherical mounts, 1.5 inch diameter x 0.25 inch nom shank.
- 3) Three spherical retro-reflectors.

Minimum Required Test Protocol:**Position Repeatability Testing:**

- 1) RX160 robot is fixtured with detector mock-up.
- 2) Detector mock-up is ballasted to maximum mass as specified in SP-391-000-62 (25 Kg).
- 3) Detector mock-up is instrumented for acquisition of Keyence laser gage, inclinometer and laser tracker data.
- 4) An initial position is established for all sensors (“position 1”).
- 5) The robot is commanded to a offset position at the extreme limit of the required work envelope as specified in SP-391-000-62, section 7 9, approximate 1.4 meter distant (“position 2”).
- 6) The robot is commanded to alternate between position 1 and position 2 a minimum of 50 times.
 - a. The path between positions is to be varied.

- b. The paths between positions shall gravity load individual robot articulations in numerous directions to establish any hysteresis effects.
- 7) Upon completion of minimum 50 motion cycles, as time permits, data shall be acquired for:
 - a. Reduced payload mass (remove mock-up ballast).
 - b. Reduced work envelope (position 1 -2 offset less than 1.4 meter).
 - c. Varied motion velocity.

Positional Stability:

- 1) RX160 robot is fixtured with detector mock-up.
- 2) Detector mock-up is ballasted to maximum mass as specified in SP-391-000-62 (25 Kg).
- 3) Detector mock-up is instrumented for acquisition of Keyence laser gage and laser tracker data.
- 4) Robot shall be commanded to hold position for a minimum 30 minutes during which position data is accumulated.
- 5) The laser gage shall be reoriented to acquire data in a direction orthogonal to the original and data accumulated for an additional 30 minutes minimum.
- 6) The laser gage shall be repositioned to acquire data in a direction orthogonal to the original two and data accumulated for and additional 30 minutes minimum.

Rotation Precision / Repeatability:

- 1) RX160 robot is fixtured with detector mock-up.
- 2) Detector mock-up is ballasted to maximum mass as specified in SP-391-000-62 (25 Kg).
- 3) Detector mock-up is instrumented for acquisition of inclinometer laser tracker data.
 - a. The inclinometer is oriented to acquire angle data with respect to a horizontal plane.
- 4) The robot is commanded to move along a straight line of circular path in a horizontal plane.
- 5) Inclinometer and laser tracker data is acquired at representative points along the commanded path

Path and Motion Center:

- 1) RX160 robot is fixtured with detector mock-up.
- 2) Detector mock-up is ballasted to maximum mass as specified in SP-391-000-62 (25 Kg).
- 3) Detector mock-up is instrumented for acquisition of laser tracker data.
- 4) The laser tracker is positioned in an appropriate location within the robot's work envelope.
- 5) The robot is commanded to 4 or 5 locations on a spherical surface nominally centered on the laser tracker.
 - a. Radius of motion per SP-391-000-62 section 7 (10 to 100 cm).
- 6) The tracker data is used to calculate the location of the center of the commanded spherical motion.
- 7) The offset is feed to the robot system to reposition the center of motion at the tracker location.

- 8) The robot is commanded to 4 or 5 locations on a spherical surface nominally centered on the laser tracker.
- 9) Offsets of data sets one and two are compared and a new offset determined as required to minimize center location offset.
 - a. Offset goal per SP-391-000-62, section 6 (<300 micron).

Test protocols as described above may be combined as applicable as agreed by on site SLAC and Square one personnel.